“In those days there was no king in Israel; everyone did what was right in his own eyes”
(Judges 21:25)

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Outline Of Judges

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When the Events of Judges Occurred

[Diagram showing historical timeline]

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The Book Of Judges

I. Failure To Complete The Conquest (1:1–3:4)

A. The Failures Of Israel (1:1–36)

1. What was Israel’s first task after the death of Joshua?

2. Who was assigned to this great task?

3. What happened to Adoni-Bezek? Why?

4. What did Caleb offer to the one who captured Kirjath Sepher?

5. What was the significance of Caleb capturing Hebron and driving out the three sons of Anak?

6. What did the tribes of Manasseh, Ephraim, Zebulun, Asher, and Naphtali fail to do?

B. Judgment Of God For Their Failures (2:1–3:4)

1. What was the consequence of Israel’s failure to drive out the Canaanites?
2. How were the people in the days of Joshua characterized?

3. Explain the phrase “gathered to their fathers” in Judges 2:10.

4. What great evil did the next generation in Israel perform?

5. How did God punish them for this evil?

6. Why did God raise up judges for the people?

7. What happened after a judge died?

8. What five “lords” were left in Israel?

II. Seven Campaigns of Israel (3:5–16:31)

A. Southern Campaign: Othniel, Ehud, Shamgar (3:5–31)

1. What sin did Israel commit in their marriages?

2. Whom did God raise up to save Israel from Cushan-Rishathaim, king of Mesopotamia?
3. Whom did God raise up to save Israel from Eglon, king of Moab?

4. What “secret message” did Ehud have for the king?

5. What great act did Shamgar perform?

B. Northern Campaign: Deborah, Barak (4:1–5:31)

1. Why were the children of Israel scared of Jabin?

2. What is Deborah best known for?

3. How did God subdue Jabin?

4. Where would men and women “recount the righteous acts of the Lord”?

5. Who was the “most blessed among women”?

C. Central Campaign: Gideon, Abimelech, Tola, Jair (6:1–10:5)

1. How did the Midianites oppress Israel? Why?
2. Why was Gideon “threshing wheat in the winepress”?

3. What great question did Gideon ask the Angel of the Lord?

4. How did Gideon show his humility?

5. What sign was performed for the benefit of Gideon?

6. What did Gideon do to the altars of Baal?

7. What was the second sign performed for the benefit of Gideon?

8. Why did God tell Gideon to thin his army out? How did Gideon do this at first?

9. What was the second way Gideon thinned the army?

10. What was the cry of the army of Israel as they attacked?

11. Why were the men of Ephraim angry?
12. What could be said about the end of Gideon’s life?

13. What did Abimelech do with a group of “worthless and reckless men”?

14. Explain the parable of the trees that Jotham told.

15. Why did God send a “spirit of ill will between Abimelech and the men of Shechem”?

16. What happened to Gaal, the son of Ebed?

17. How did Abimelech die?

18. How long did Tola judge Israel? Where did he live?

19. How long did Jair judge Israel? How big was his family?

D. Eastern Campaign: Jepthah (10:6–12:7)

1. In what way did the children of Israel sin against God? Who was sold “into the hands of the Philistines” and “the people of Ammon”? 
2. Who was sold “into the hands of the Philistines” and “the people of Ammon”?

3. Where did God tell the Israelites to direct their complaints?

4. How was Jephthah the Gileadite described?

5. What did the men of Israel offer Jephthah?

6. Summarize the speech that Jephthah made to the people of Ammon.

7. What vow did Jephthah make to God?

8. What new custom did the daughters of Israel start observing?

9. What is the significance of the word “Shibboleth”?

E. Second Northern Campaign: Ibzan, Elon, Abdon (12:8–15)

1. Describe the family of Izban.
2. What do we know about Elon?

3. What do we know about Abdon?

F. Western Campaign: Samson (13:1–16:31)

1. What is a “Nazirite”?

2. What did Manoah say in his prayer?

3. What did the Angel of the Lord say to Manoah?

4. How did Manoah’s wife know that God did not want to kill them?

5. What part did providence play in the selection of a Philistine woman for Samson?

6. What riddle was posed by Samson?

7. How and where did Samson got the changes of garments to pay off his debt?
8. How did Samson destroy the crops of the Philistines?

9. What did Samson make the men of Judah promise?

10. How did Samson use the jawbone of the donkey?

11. How did the Gazites plan to kill Samson?

12. What did the lords of the Philistines want Delilah to do?

13. How did Samson “mock” Delilah?

14. Why did Delilah cut off Samson’s hair?

15. What did the Philistines do to Samson?

16. What happened at the temple of Dagon?
III. Israel Conforms To Her Surroundings (17:1–21:25)

A. Israel Conforms Through Idolatry (17:1–18:31)

1. What did Micah set up in his house?

2. What did Micah offer to the Levite?

3. What was the tribe of Dan seeking?

4. Why did the men of Dan set up a “carved image”?

B. Israel Conforms Through Immorality (19:1–30)

1. What sin did the concubine of the Levite commit?

2. Why did the Levite stay so long at the house of his father-in-law?

3. Why didn’t the Levite want to stay in Jebus? Where did he want to spend the night?

4. What happened in the city of Gibeah?
5. What did the Levite do when he got home? Why?

C. Sinning Through Civil War (20:1–21:25)

1. Where did the children of Israel gather to discuss their problem?

2. What did the children of Israel promise?

3. What special skill did 700 select soldiers have?

4. What tribe went to war against Benjamin?

5. Why did the men of Benjamin panic?

6. What oath did the men of Israel make at Mizpah?

7. What was going to keep the tribe of Benjamin from becoming extinct?
1. Othniel, the first judge, defeated the Canaanites at Debir (Judg. 1:11–13). He also delivered Israel from Cushan-Rishathaim, king of Mesopotamia (Judg. 3:7–11), in a separate battle, location unknown.

2. Ehud, a great-grandson of Benjamin, delivered Israel from oppression by King Eglon of Moab (Judg. 3:12–30).

3. Shamgar, a relatively minor judge who killed 600 men with an ox goad, delivered Israel from the Philistines (Judg. 3:31; 5:6).

4. Deborah, a woman judge, also called a prophetess, and Barak, her military commander, subdued the stubborn Canaanites led by Jabin and Sisera in a fierce battle at the Kishon River (Judg. 4:1–24).

5. Gideon, a “mighty man of valor,” led 300 selected warriors in defeating the Midianite forces (Judg. 6–8).


7. Samson, a man of great physical strength but moral weakness, led Israel for 20 years. Captured by the Philistines, and enslaved at Gaza, Samson called on God and prevailed over the enemy when he destroyed a pagan temple in this city. Samson died with many of the Philistines when the building collapsed (Judg. 13–16).